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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/666,086	PINKERTON ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Uzma Alam	2157		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DOWN THE MAILING DOWN THE STATE OF THE STATE	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a re will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONIC, cause the application to become ABA	CATION. The ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 S 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowal closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.			
Disposition of Claims		·		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-53 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-53 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) ☑ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 2003.	are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \sqsubseteq drawing(s) be held in abeyantion is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/03;10/04;2/05</u>. 	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application 		

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to the application filed on September 19, 2003. Claims 1-53 are pending. Claims 1-53 represent a method for offloading state objects.

Specification

- 1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
- 2. The serial number of the Provisional Application to which the application claims benefit is not provided.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 50-53 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 50-53 claim a computer program product comprising computer readable media. This claimed subject matter lacks a practical application of a judicial exception (law of nature, abstract idea, naturally occurring article/phenomenon) since it fails to produce a useful, concrete and tangible result.

Specifically, the claimed subject matter does not produce a tangible result because the claimed subject matter fails to produce a result that is limited to having real world value rather than a result that may be interpreted to be abstract in nature as, for example, a thought, a computation, or manipulated data.

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More specifically, the claimed subject matter provides for a computer program product comprising one or more computer readable media. This produced result remains in the abstract and, thus, fails to achieve the required status of having real world value.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 50-53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 53 claims (line 1) a computer program product...comprising ... (lines 7-8) the method comprising the following, the computer program product comprising... (line 11) the method comprising.

It is unclear what the claim is seeking to claim. First, the claim recites a computer program product, then a method comprising a computer program product, then a method.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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2. Claims 1-5, 8, 40-43, 45-47, 50 and 51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334,153. Boucher teaches the invention as claimed including a system for protocol processing (see abstract).

As per claim 1, Boucher teaches in a computerized system comprising a switching layer, and a sequence of one or more intermediate software layers of a network protocol stack, each of the intermediate software layers having a state object, a method for transferring control between one or more destination component devices and one or more source component devices, the control needed to process a plurality of state objects while still maintaining integrity of established network communication, the method comprising the following:

an act of generating an offload data structure, the offload data structure comprising a hierarchy of a plurality of state objects, the plurality of state objects corresponding to a network protocol state for one or more intermediate software layers (the CCB is the data structure; column 6, lines 22-65; column 9, lines 34-61; short-lived column 11, lines 11-35);

an act of transferring from a source component device to a destination component device two or more state objects in the same intermediate software layer of the offload data structure (sending the object from the source to work it's way through the destination, which is the INIC using the CCB; column 10, lines 28-51); and

an act of the destination component processing the two or more state objects at the same protocol layer after the transfer (the INIC processing the transferred objects; column 3, lines 41-67; column 5, lines 41-67).

As per claim 2, Boucher teaches the method of claim 1, wherein one of the destination component and source component is a peripheral device (the INIC; column 5, lines 6-16; column 9, lines 30-35; column 17, lines 26-37).

As per claim 3, Boucher teaches the method of claim 2, wherein at least one of the two or more state objects includes a cached state variable (the CCB and other cached blocks; column 5, lines 34-41; column 7, lines 21-30; column 8, lines 1-5; constant and delegated state variables; column 5, lines 41-54).

As per claim 4, Boucher teaches the method of claim 2, wherein the offload data structure includes a block list having at least a next block pointer that points to the same intermediate software layer of a different connection path through the network protocol stack, and a dependent block pointer that points to a different hierarchal layer of the same connection path through the network protocol stack (the CCB compresses multiple layers into one block to be able to process though the intermediate layers; column 7, lines 21-45).

As per claim 5, Boucher teaches the method of claim 2, wherein the act of transferring the offload data structure and the portion of the state object for each software layer is performed during the slow-start phase of a TCP connection (column 7, lines 48-60).

As per claim 8, Boucher teaches the method of claim 2, further comprising:

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an act of the peripheral device generating one or more handles for one or more intermediate software layers, wherein the peripheral device transfers the one or more handles to one or more corresponding host protocol stack layers (column 11, lines 1-51); and

an act of, if at least one of the intermediate software layers changes cached state, the at least one of the intermediate software layers updating the cached state of the peripheral device (column 12, lines 26-41).

As per claim 40, Boucher teaches in a computerized system comprising a host processing unit, one or more peripheral devices, a switching layer, and a sequence of one or more intermediate software layers at least some of which having a state object, a method of inserting an intermediate driver adjacent an offload data structure in order to better facilitate, during a network connection offload and/ or upload process, a virtual local area network, the method comprising the following:

an act of generating an offload data structure, the offload data structure comprising a hierarchy of a plurality of state objects, the plurality of state objects corresponding to a network protocol state for one or more intermediate software layers (the CCB is the data structure; column 6, lines 22-65; column 9, lines 34-61; short-lived column 11, lines 11-35);

an act of inserting one or more intermediate driver data structures within the offload data structure (sending the object from the source to work it's way through the destination, which is the INIC using the CCB; column 10, lines 28-51); and

an act of transferring from a source component device to one or more peripheral devices one or more state objects of a corresponding intermediate software layer of the offload data

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structure (the INIC processing the transferred objects; column 3, lines 41-67; column 5, lines 41-67).

As per claim 41, Boucher teaches the method of claim 40, wherein a failover event occurs, an intermediate driver corresponding with at least one of the one or more intermediate driver data structures performs a method comprising:

an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of only the one or more links (Boucher; column 5, lines 55-67);

an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of receiving processing control of the one or more links and one or more state objects (Boucher; column 6, lines 1-21); and

an act of detecting a processing resource of any of the detected one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 5, lines 64-67).

As per claim 42, Boucher teaches the method of claim 40, wherein the one or more intermediate driver data structures are inserted into the offload data structure prior to offloading processing control of the offload data structure to the one or more peripheral devices (the INIC; column 5, lines 6-16; column 9, lines 30-35; column 17, lines 26-37).

As per claim 43, Boucher teaches the method of claim 40, wherein the one or more intermediate driver data structures are inserted at the point of initiating an offload request of the

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offload data structure to the one or more peripheral devices (the INIC; column 5, lines 6-16; column 9, lines 30-35; column 17, lines 26-37).

As per claim 45, Boucher teaches the method of claim 40, wherein the offload data structure corresponds with two or more state objects corresponding to the same intermediate software layer, and wherein the two or more state objects point to a single state object at a lower software layer of a network protocol stack, wherein the offload data structure has the appearance of an inverted tree (column 12, lines 61-67; column 13, lines 1-10).

As per claim 46, Boucher teaches the method of claim 45, further comprising an act of transferring processing control of the entire inverted tree offload data structure to one or more of the one or more peripheral devices (column 12, lines 61-67; column 13, lines 1-10).

As per claim 47, Boucher teaches the method of claim 46, further comprising an act of transferring processing control of one or more of the state objects of the inverted tree offload data structure from the at least one of the one or more peripheral devices to the host protocol stack (column 12, lines 61-67; column 13, lines 1-10).

As per claim 50, Boucher teaches a computer program product for use in a computerized system comprising a switching layer, and a sequence of one or more intermediate software layers of a network protocol stack, each of the intermediate software layers having a state object, the

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computer program product for implementing a method for transferring control between one or more destination component devices and one or more source component devices, the control needed to process a plurality of state objects while still maintaining integrity of established network communication, the method comprising the following, the computer program product comprising one or more computer-readable media having thereon computer-executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors at the host computing system, cause the host computing system to perform the method, the method comprising the following:

an act of generating an offload data structure, the offload data structure comprising a hierarchy of a plurality of state objects, the plurality of state objects corresponding to a network protocol state for one or more intermediate software layers (the CCB is the data structure; column 6, lines 22-65; column 9, lines 34-61; short-lived column 11, lines 11-35);

an act of transferring from a source component device to a destination component device two or more state objects in the same intermediate software layer of the offload data structure (Boucher; column 6, lines 1-21); and

an act of the destination component processing the two or more state objects at the same protocol layer after the transfer (Boucher; column 5, lines 64-67).

As per claim 51, Boucher teaches the computer program product of claim 50, wherein the computer-executable instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computerized system to perform the following:

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an act of generating a handle for each layer of the intermediate software layers, wherein the destination component is a NIC, and the NIC transfers the handle for each intermediate software layer to each intermediate software layer (column 11, lines 1-51); and

an act of, if at least one of the intermediate software layers changes cached state, the at least one of the intermediate software layers updating the cached state of the NIC (column 12, lines 26-41).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334, 153 in view of Dwork et al. US Patent No. 6,963,946. Dwork et al. teaches the invention as claimed including transferring functions to a peripheral device (see abstract).

As per claim 6, Boucher teaches the method of claim 2. Boucher does not teach further comprising an act of inserting an intermediate driver data structure in the offload data structure, the intermediate driver capable of deciphering and encapsulating incoming and outgoing data packets, as appropriate, wherein the outgoing data packets are packaged with one or more virtual local area network identifiers, and incoming packets are stripped of one or more virtual local area network identifiers. Dwork teaches an act of inserting an intermediate driver data structure in the

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offload data structure, the intermediate driver capable of deciphering and encapsulating incoming and outgoing data packets, as appropriate, wherein the outgoing data packets are packaged with one or more virtual local area network identifiers, and incoming packets are stripped of one or more virtual local area network identifiers. See column 8, lines 41-56. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the identifiers and tags of Dwork with the headers of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to expand the functionalities of the network of Boucher.

As per claim 7, Boucher teaches the method of claim 6. Boucher does not teach wherein the intermediate driver is capable of securing network traffic over one or more network links using an IPSEC protocol by performing one or more of adding and removing an authentication header to a data packet, and encrypting and decrypting the data packet, as appropriate. Dwork teaches wherein the intermediate driver is capable of securing network traffic over one or more network links using an IPSEC protocol by performing one or more of adding and removing an authentication header to a data packet, and encrypting and decrypting the data packet, as appropriate. See column 20, lines 45-67, column 21, lines 1-60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the identifiers and tags of Dwork with the headers of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to expand the functionalities of the network of Boucher.

5. Claims 9-14, 48, 49, 52 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334, 153 in view of Anand et al. US Patent No. 6,370,599.

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Anand et al. teaches the invention as claimed including transferring functions from one peripheral device to another based on the resource availability of the device (see abstract).

As per claim 9, Boucher teaches the method of claim 2, wherein a failover event occurs, further comprising:

an act of detecting that one or more links being processed at one or more corresponding peripheral devices have failed, the one or more failed peripheral devices having been given processor control of one or more offload data structures and one or more state objects (transferring control to the host of the source cannot process the object; column 5, lines 56-67).

Boucher does not teach an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of the one or more links by receiving the one or more offload data structures and control of the one or more state objects.

Anand teaches an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of the one or more links by receiving the one or more offload data structures and control of the one or more state objects. See column 13, lines 30-44. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the additional peripheral devices of Anand with the INIC of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to add redundant resources to the already present resources of Boucher.

As per claim 10, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 9, further comprising transferring to the source component the one or more offload data structures and processing control of the one or more state objects from the one or more failed peripheral devices, thereby

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uploading processing control of the one or more links from the one or more failed peripheral devices to the source component (Boucher; sending the object from the INIC back to the source; Boucher column 5, lines 56-67).

As per claim 11, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 10, further comprising an act of detecting a processing resource of the different one or more peripheral devices; and adjusting the one or more state objects that have been uploaded from the one or more failed peripheral devices to match the detected resource of the different one or more peripheral devices, so that the one or more links can be processed at the different one or more peripheral devices rather than at the failed one or more peripheral devices (Boucher updating the CCB; column 5, lines 56-67).

As per claim 12, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 11, wherein the one or more links are aggregated 802.3ad links (column 10, line 45, column 16, lines 16-39).

As per claim 13, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 9, further comprising: an act of detecting a processing resource of the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 5, lines 55-67);

if one of the one or more offloaded state objects can be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 6, lines 1-21); and

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if the one or more offloaded state objects cannot be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the host protocol stack (Boucher; column 5, lines 64-67).

As per claim 14, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 13, wherein the one or more links are aggregated 802.3ad links (Boucher; column 10, line 45, column 16, lines 16-39).

As per claim 48, Boucher teaches the method of claim 47. Boucher does not teach wherein the act of transferring from a source component device to one or more peripheral devices one or more state objects occurs in response to an act of detecting that at least one of the one or more peripheral devices has failed. Anand teaches wherein the act of transferring from a source component device to one or more peripheral devices one or more state objects occurs in response to an act of detecting that at least one of the one or more peripheral devices has failed. See column 13, lines 30-44.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the additional peripheral devices of Anand with the INIC of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to add redundant resources to the already present resources of Boucher.

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As per claim 49, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 48, wherein an intermediate driver that corresponds with at least one of the one or more intermediate driver data structures performs the method comprising:

an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of only the one or more links (Boucher updating the CCB; column 5, lines 56-67).

an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of receiving processing control of the one or more links and one or more state objects (Boucher updating the CCB; column 5, lines 56-67); and

an act of detecting a processing resource of any of the detected one or more peripheral devices (Boucher updating the CCB; column 5, lines 56-67).

if the different one or more peripheral devices are capable of handling processing control of only the one or more links based on the detected processing resource, an act of transferring processing control of only the one or more links to the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 5, lines 55-67);

if the different one or more peripheral devices are capable of handling processing control of one or more links and one or more state objects based on the detected processing resource, an act of transferring processing control of the one or more links and the one or more offloaded state objects to the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 6, lines 1-21); and

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an act of transferring processing control of any remaining of the one or more links and any remaining of the one or more offloaded state objects to the host protocol stack (Boucher; column 5, lines 64-67).

As per claim 52, Boucher teaches the computer program product of claim 50, wherein the computer-executable instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computerized system to perform the following an act of detecting that one or more links being processed at one or more corresponding peripheral devices have failed, the one or more failed peripheral devices having been given processor control of one or more offload data structures and one or more state objects (transferring control to the host of the source cannot process the object; column 5, lines 56-67).

Boucher does not teach an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of the one or more links by receiving the one or more offload data structures and control of the one or more state objects.

Anand teaches an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of the one or more links by receiving the one or more offload data structures and control of the one or more state objects. See column 13, lines 30-44. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the additional peripheral devices of Anand with the INIC of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to add redundant resources to the already present resources of Boucher.

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As per claim 53, Boucher and Anand teach the computer program product of claim 52, wherein the computer-executable instructions, when executed by the one or more processors, further cause the computerized system to perform the following:

an act of detecting a processing resource of the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 5, lines 55-67);

if one of the one or more offloaded state objects can be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 6, lines 1-21); and

if the one or more offloaded state objects cannot be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the host protocol stack (Boucher; column 5, lines 64-67).

6. Claims 15-19 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334, 153 in view of Dwork et al. US Patent No. 6,963,946.

Dwork et al. teaches the invention as claimed including transferring functions to a peripheral device (see abstract).

As per claim 15, Boucher teaches in a computerized system comprising a switching layer, and a sequence of one or more intermediate software layers of a network protocol stack, each of the intermediate software layers having a state object, a method for transferring control between one or more destination component devices and one or more source component devices, the

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control needed to process a plurality of state objects while still maintaining integrity of established network communication, the method comprising the following:

an act of the destination component processing the two or more state objects at the same protocol layer after the transfer (the INIC processing the transferred objects; column 3, lines 41-67; column 5, lines 41-67).

Boucher does not teach a step for reducing the processing demands of a computerized system that is processing two or more state objects corresponding to the same intermediate software layer by transferring processing control of the two or more state objects in a way that preserves the integrity of network communications with regard to state changes, failover events, and VLAN tags. Dwork teaches a step for reducing the processing demands of a computerized system that is processing two or more state objects corresponding to the same intermediate software layer by transferring processing control of the two or more state objects in a way that preserves the integrity of network communications with regard to state changes, failover events, and VLAN tags. See column 2, lines 30-60.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the identifiers and tags of Dwork with the headers of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to expand the functionalities of the network of Boucher.

As per claim 16, Boucher and Dwork teach the method of claim 15, wherein the step for transferring includes:

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an act of generating an offload data structure, the offload data structure comprising a hierarchy of a plurality of state objects, the plurality of state objects corresponding to a network protocol state for one or more intermediate software layers (the CCB is the data structure; column 6, lines 22-65; column 9, lines 34-61; sending the object from the source to work it's way through the destination, which is the INIC using the CCB; column 10, lines 28-51);

an act of transferring from a source component device to a destination component device two or more state objects in the same intermediate software layer of the offload data structure (the INIC processing the transferred objects; column 3, lines 41-67; column 5, lines 41-67).

As per claim 17, Boucher and Dwork teach the method of claim 16, further comprising a step for updating the destination component in the event of a change in the state object, or in the event of a change in the offload data structure so that the destination component can still process the two or more state objects as intended without losing network communication integrity (Boucher; updating the CCB; column 5, lines 56-67).

As per claim 18, Boucher and Dwork teach the method of claim 17, wherein the step for updating the destination component includes the following: an act of the peripheral device generating one or more handles for one or more intermediate software layers, wherein the peripheral device transfers the one or more handles to one or more corresponding host protocol stack layers (Boucher; column 11, lines 1-51); and

an act of, if at least one of the intermediate software layers changes cached state, the at least one of the intermediate software layers updating the cached state of the peripheral device

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(Boucher; column 12, lines 26-41).

As per claim 19, Boucher and Dwork teach the method of claim 15, further comprising a step for dynamically preserving the integrity of the network communications in the event of a failover event so that the one or more aggregated network links can be processed appropriately at a different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; sending the object from the INIC back to the source; Boucher column 5, lines 56-67).

As per claim 44, Boucher teaches the method of claim 43. Boucher does not teach wherein, at least one of the one or more intermediate drivers includes instructions for performing an act of directing the sub-data packet to a VLAN address based on a virtual LAN tag associated with the sub-data packet, the instructions further comprising and at least one of: an act of receiving a multiplexed data packet; an act of de-multiplexing the data packet into one or more sub-data packets; an act of multiplexing a data packet; and an act of sending a multiplexed data packet. Dwork teaches wherein, at least one of the one or more intermediate drivers includes instructions for performing an act of directing the sub-data packet to a VLAN address based on a virtual LAN tag associated with the sub-data packet, the instructions further comprising and at least one of: an act of receiving a multiplexed data packet; an act of de-multiplexing the data packet into one or more sub-data packets; an act of multiplexing a data packet; and an act of sending a multiplexed data packet. See column 2, lines 30-60.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the identifiers and tags of Dwork with the headers of Boucher. A person of

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ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to expand the functionalities of the network of Boucher.

7. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over over Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334, 153 in view of Dwork et al. US Patent No. 6,963,946 as applied to claims 15-19 above, and further in view of Anand et al. US Patent No. 6,370,599.

As per claim 20, Boucher, Dwork teach the method of claim 19, wherein the step for dynamically preserving the integrity of the two or more network links includes:

an act of detecting that one or more links being processed at one or more corresponding peripheral devices have failed, the one or more failed peripheral devices having been given processor control of one or more offload data structures and one or more state objects (transferring control to the host of the source cannot process the object; column 5, lines 56-67).

Boucher and Dwork do not teach an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of the one or more links by receiving the one or more offload data structures and control of the one or more state objects;

if one of the one or more offloaded state objects can be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the different one or more peripheral devices; and if the one or more offloaded state objects cannot be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring

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processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the host protocol stack.

Anand teaches an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of the one or more links by receiving the one or more offload data structures and control of the one or more state objects; if one of the one or more offloaded state objects can be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the different one or more peripheral devices; and if the one or more offloaded state objects cannot be processed by the different one or more peripheral devices based on the detected processing resource, transferring processing control of the one of the one or more offloaded state objects to the host protocol stack. See column 13, lines 30-44.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the additional peripheral devices of Anand with the INIC of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to add redundant resources to the already present resources of Boucher.

8. Claims 35-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334, 153 in view of Anand et al. US Patent No. 6,370,599. Anand et al. teaches the invention as claimed including transferring functions from one peripheral device to another based on the resource availability of the device (see abstract).

As per claim 35, Boucher teaches in a computerized system comprising a central processing unit, a plurality of peripheral devices, a switching layer, and a sequence of one or

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more intermediate software layers, a method for transferring a plurality of offloaded aggregated state objects from one or more of the peripheral devices that has failed to another peripheral device that is capable of receiving one or more of the state objects in the plurality of offloaded state objects, while still maintaining integrity of each of the established network communication, the method comprising the following:

an act of detecting that one or more links being processed at one or more peripheral devices has failed, the one or more failed peripheral devices having been given processing control of one or more state objects (transferring control to the host of the source cannot process the object; column 5, lines 56-67);

Boucher does not teach an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of only the one or more links;

an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of receiving processing control of the one or more links and one or more state objects; and

an act of detecting a processing resource of any of the detected one or more peripheral devices.

Anand teaches an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of handling processing control of only the one or more links;

an act of detecting a different one or more peripheral devices that are capable of receiving processing control of the one or more links and one or more state objects; and

an act of detecting a processing resource of any of the detected one or more peripheral devices.

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See column 13, lines 30-44.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the additional peripheral devices of Anand with the INIC of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to add redundant resources to the already present resources of Boucher.

As per claim 36, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 35, further comprising: if the different one or more peripheral devices are capable of handling processing control of only the one or more links based on the detected processing resource, an act of transferring processing control of only the one or more links to the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 6, lines 1-21);

if the different one or more peripheral devices are capable of handling processing control of one or more links and one or more state objects based on the detected processing resource, an act of transferring processing control of the one or more links and the one or more offloaded state objects to the different one or more peripheral devices (Boucher; column 5, lines 64-67); and

an act of transferring processing control of any remaining of the one or more links and any remaining of the one or more offloaded state objects to the host protocol stack (Boucher; column 5, lines 55-67; column 6, lines 1-21).

As per claim 37, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 36, wherein one or more of the offloaded state objects include at least a cached state variable (Boucher; the CCB; column

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5, lines 34-41; column 7, lines 21-30; column 8, lines 1-5).

As per claim 38, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 36, wherein the one or more links are aggregated 802.3ad links (Boucher; column 10, line 45; column 16, lines 16-39.

9. Claim 39 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over over Boucher et al. US Patent No. 6,334, 153 in view of Anand et al. US Patent No. 6,370,599 as applied to claims 35-38 above, and further in view of Dwork et al. US Patent No. 6,963,946.

As per claim 39, Boucher and Anand teach the method of claim 36. Boucher and Anand do not teach further comprising, prior to the act of transferring processing control of the one or more links and the one or more offloaded state objects, inserting an intermediate driver adjacent a data structure comprising the offloaded state objects, the intermediate driver capable of performing at least one of multiplexing one or more VLAN tags, de-multiplexing one or more VLAN tags, directing network state object traffic over one or more peripheral devices, and securing network data packets using an IPSEC protocol. Boucher does not teach a step for reducing the processing demands of a computerized system that is processing two or more state objects corresponding to the same intermediate software layer by transferring processing control of the two or more state objects in a way that preserves the integrity of network communications with regard to state changes, failover events, and VLAN tags.

Dwork teaches further comprising, prior to the act of transferring processing control of the one or more links and the one or more offloaded state objects, inserting an intermediate Art Unit: 2157

driver adjacent a data structure comprising the offloaded state objects, the intermediate driver capable of performing at least one of multiplexing one or more VLAN tags, de-multiplexing one or more VLAN tags, directing network state object traffic over one or more peripheral devices, and securing network data packets using an IPSEC protocol. Boucher does not teach a step for reducing the processing demands of a computerized system that is processing two or more state objects corresponding to the same intermediate software layer by transferring processing control of the two or more state objects in a way that preserves the integrity of network communications with regard to state changes, failover events, and VLAN tags. See column 2, lines 30-60.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the identifiers and tags of Dwork with the headers of Boucher. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to expand the functionalities of the network of Boucher.

10. Claims 21-34 are rejected under the same rationale as claims 1-34 because they are directed to the same method as claims 1-14.

Conclusion

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 12. Craft US Patent No. 6,427,171.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Uzma Alam whose telephone number is (571) 272-3995. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Tuesday 5:30 AM - 2:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Uzma Alam Ua April 27, 2007

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